

**In And For  
The 03<sup>rd</sup> Judicial Circuit  
Of  
These United States**

*original*

Mr. Dennis L. Smith )  
vs. )  
Interlocutory - Appellant, )  
vs. ) C. A. No. 98-639  
vs. ) GSDC-DE  
vs. ) 28 U.S.C.A § 144.  
vs. )  
Frankford Township, and Terminated ) Abuse of Discretion - JJF  
{former – notorious}, Chief of Police ) Manifest - Injustice  
Guy D. Baynard et al, )  
vs. )  
Interlocutory - Appellee(s) )

**Re: 28 U.S.C.A § 1292(a)(1). § 1331. § 1343 § 1657.**

**“INTERLOCUTORY – APPEAL”**

**SECOND - NOTICE OF MOTION TO VACATE**

Please Take Notice;

The very inconsiderate, violator, of intentional Arbitrary and Capricious – Malfeasance  
Diplorable / Despotic; { color of officii } of; Federal – judge below; JJF. The following  
factual statement(s) are simply, to legally clarify my position, to the fact of; Gross  
Abuse of Authority of the inferior Judgeship below. See; 42 U.S.C.A § 1983. § 1988.  
Abuse of discretion, is totally unconstitutional, and my inalienable civil – libertie(s), to  
be capable of fully constitutional – Elemental ; Fundamental; - EQUAL – access to U.S.  
Const., Art. III § 2. Court’s, must be **immediately Reinstated**, as to constitutionally

Federally – Enforce, my Due Process / “ Federally Guaranteed Equal Protection(s), under the Law, dating back as far, and beyond as our Honorable - Zenith – Illustrious, Eminent , Bill of Rights, Per se.

Case in Point;

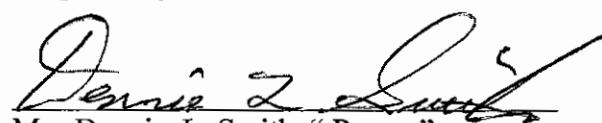
{A}. On September 21, 2007 I, did legally file / docket an official legal binding **28 U.S.C.A. § 144. with** an affidavit of adverse fact(s), against the federal de facto Judge Joseph J. Farnan Jr.

To: Ms Marcia M. Waldron – Clerk

To: The Honorable Circuit Justice  
Honorable / Unprecedented  
David H. Souter of the Illustrious – Eminent {9}  
In our nation(s) Capital

To: Hon. cj Gregory M. Sleet and Staff, **Please Review Respondeat Superior ?**

Respectfully, Submitted

  
Mr. Dennis L. Smith "Pro se"  
P.O. Box 311  
Selbyville, Delaware 19975 – 0311

Date November 25, 2007

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF  
DELAWARE**

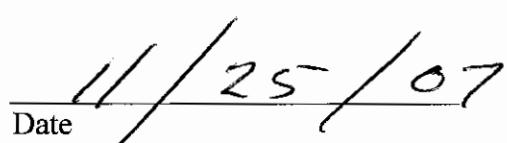
DENNIS L. SMITH :  
: C.A. No. 98 - 00639 JJF  
:  
Interlocutory - Appellant, :  
:  
vs. :  
:  
EX - POLICE CHIEF GUY D. :  
BAYNARD, INDIVIDUALLY AND AS :  
AGENT OF FRANKFORD TOWNSHIP, :  
et al., :  
:  
Interlocutory - Appellee(s) :

**AFFIDAVIT OF DENNIS L. SMITH**

STATES OF DELAWARE :  
: SS.  
NEW CASTLE COUNTY :

The, preceding - indelible truthful - statement(s) in the **Interlocutory - Appeal**  
**Second Notice to Vacate**, are true to the best of my knowledge and belief(s); of;  
Dennis L. Smith and are in full vehement compliance / Compliance(s) Here-with /  
Here - under; **28 U.S.C.A. § 1746**, and **18 U.S.C.A. § 1621**.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Dennis L. Smith

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Date 11/25/07

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that two true copies of the **Interlocutory - Appeal Second Notice to Vacate** have been certified mailed or hand delivered on this 25 day of November 2007, to Appellees' counsel and the following addresses:

Judge Joseph J. Farnan, Jr.  
Office of the Clerk  
United States District Court  
844 N. King Street, Lockbox **18**  
Wilmington, DE 19801 -3570  
**Hand Delivered**  
or  
**Certified Mail**  
**7007 0710 0000 2888 9245**

The Honorable Robert Daisey, Mayor  
of the Town of Frankford  
P.O. Box 550  
#5 Main Street  
Frankford, Delaware 19945  
**Certified Mail**  
**7007 0710 0000 2888 9207**

**Mr. Bruce C. Herron esq.,**  
1220 North Market Street # 300  
P.O. Box 25047  
Wilmington, Del., 19899 - 5047  
**Hand Delivered**  
or  
**7007 0710 0000 2888 9221**

**Ms. Dianna L. Mondeau**  
Scottsdale Insurance Company  
P.O. Box 4120  
Scottsdale, AZ 85261 - 4120  
**Certified Mail**  
**7007 0710 0000 2888 9238**

**The Honoray, Colm F. Connolly esq.,**  
United States Attorney For  
The District of Delaware  
P.O. Box 2046  
Wilmington, Del., 19899 - 2046  
**Certified Mail**  
**7007 0710 0000 2888 9214**

All mentioned above, certified mailed or hand Delivered by Dennis L. Smith.



Dennis L. Smith

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

DENNIS SMITH,

Plaintiff,

v.

Civil Action No. 98-639-JJF

EX-POLICE CHIEF GUY D.

BAYNARD,

Defendant.

MEMORANDUM ORDER

Pending before the Court are five Motions filed by

Plaintiff: (1) a Motion For Summary Judgment (D.I. 127); (2) a Motion For Reconsideration (D.I. 144) of the Court's July 5, 2007 Order granting Defendant's Motion For Clarification (D.I. 140); (3) a Motion To Stay the Court's Memorandum Order dated August 30, 2007 denying Plaintiff's request for recusal; (4) a Motion To Expedite (D.I. 154); and (5) a Motion To Vacate (D.I. 155). In response to Plaintiff's Motion For Summary Judgment, Defendant has filed a Motion To Strike (D.I. 130). Plaintiff has not responded to the Motion To Strike, and Defendant has not filed a response to any of Plaintiff's other pending Motions. However, the Court concludes that no further briefing is required with respect to the pending motions, and they may be properly adjudicated as filed. Accordingly, the Court will address each Motion in turn.

I. Plaintiff's Motion For Summary Judgment and Defendant's Motion To Strike

By his Motion, Plaintiff requests the Court to enter summary judgment in his favor regarding his false arrest claims.

Defendant contends that the Motion is untimely and should be stricken because dispositive motions were due on or before May 8, 2003. Plaintiff filed his Motion on May 4, 2007, six days before the second pre-trial conference set in this matter.

The Court has reviewed the parties' arguments and concludes that Plaintiff's Motion For Summary Judgment is untimely, and therefore, will be stricken. By separate Order, the Court will schedule trial on Plaintiff's false arrest claims against Defendant Baynard.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> Though not entirely clear, it appears to the Court from Plaintiff's other filings, that Plaintiff is concerned that the Court's July 5, 2007 Clarification Order had the effect of dismissing one of his false arrest claims against Defendant Baynard, specifically, his claim based on the November 15, 1996 arrest. (See D.I. 155.) The Court's Clarification Order was not intended to limit Plaintiff's false arrest claims against Defendant Baynard, and the Court's reference to the "false arrest claim" in the singular was meant to embrace the totality of his claims including the allegations related to both the November 15, 1996 arrest and the December 14, 1996 arrest. Indeed, the latest Proposed Pretrial Order filed by Defendant Baynard in this case reflects the understanding that Plaintiff is proceeding against Defendant Baynard on two false arrest claims stemming from two separate incidents.

To the extent Defendant renewed his request for summary judgment regarding the November 15, 1996 arrest, the Court concludes that Defendant is not entitled to summary judgment. Defendant renewed his request for summary judgment by letter (D.I. 93) without the filing of any subsequent briefing. However, it appears from the Pretrial Order, that the question presented with regard to the November 15, 1996 arrest is whether

**II. Plaintiff's Motion For Reconsideration Of The Court's July 5, 2007 Order**

By his Motion Plaintiff requests the Court to reconsider its July 5, 2007 Order on Defendant's Motion For Clarification. The purpose of a motion for reconsideration is to correct manifest errors of law or fact or to present newly discovered evidence.

Harsco Corp. v. Zlotnicki, 779 F.2d 906, 909 (3d Cir. 1985). A motion for reconsideration may be granted if the moving party shows: (1) an intervening change in the controlling law; (2) the

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the claim should be dismissed because Defendant Baynard obtained a warrant for Plaintiff's arrest from an independent judicial officer, i.e. an immunity argument. (See D.J. 58 at 9.) In his original Motion For Summary Judgment, Defendant directed the Court to Malley v. Briggs, 475 U.S. 335 (1986), for the proposition that Defendant was immune from suit because he obtained an independent judicial warrant. However, Malley does not stand for that proposition. In Malley, the Supreme Court concluded that an officer is not entitled to qualified immunity on the sole basis that a judicial officer issued a warrant. Rather, the question is whether a reasonably well-trained officer in the position of the defendant would have known that his affidavit failed to establish probable cause, and therefore, he should not have applied for a warrant in the first place. Id. at 345; see also Berg v. County of Allegheny, 219 F.3d 261, 272-274 (3d Cir. 2000). Defendant does not advance any facts or argument related to this issue, and bases his defense on the sole fact that a judicial officer issued a warrant. The charges against Plaintiff were dismissed shortly after his arrest, and one of Plaintiff's complaints concerning Defendant Baynard is that he acted with racial animus. In the Court's view, factual issues remain as to the reasonableness of Defendant Baynard's conduct under the circumstances, and therefore, full development of the record through trial on the merits is required. Accordingly, the Court concludes that Defendant has not established, at this juncture, that he is entitled to judgment as a matter of law with respect to Plaintiff's claim based on the November 15, 1996 arrest. In sum, this case is proceeding to trial on two claims of false arrest pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and the common law based on two alleged incidents of false arrest, one on November 15, 1996 arrest and the other on December 14, 1996.

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availability of new evidence that was not available when the court issued its order; or (3) the need to correct a clear error of law or fact or to prevent manifest injustice. Max's Seafood Café v. Quinteros, 176 F.3d 669, 677 (3d Cir.1999).

A motion for reconsideration is not properly grounded on a request that a court rethink a decision already made. See Glendon Energy Co. v. Borough of Glendon, 836 F. Supp. 1109, 1122 (E.D. Pa. 1993). Motions for reargument or reconsideration may not be used "as a means to argue new facts or issues that inexcusably were not presented to the court in the matter previously decided." Brambles USA, Inc. v. Blocker, 735 F. Supp. 1239, 1240 (D. Del.1990). Reargument, however, may be appropriate where "the Court has patently misunderstood a party, or has made a decision outside the adversarial issues presented to the Court by the parties, or has made an error not of reasoning but of apprehension." Brambles USA, 735 F. Supp. at 1241 (D. Del.1990) (citations omitted); see also D. Del. LR 7.1.5.

Plaintiff has not provided the Court with any legal basis upon which to grant a request for reconsideration. The Court trusts that any confusion with respect to the language of the July 5, 2007 Order is clarified by footnote 1 to this Memorandum Order. To the extent Plaintiff expresses any other disagreement with the Order, the Court concludes that such disagreement is insufficient to warrant reconsideration. The Court's July 5, 2007 Order and subsequent Judgment Order accurately reflects the

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current posture of this case. Summary judgment has been granted as to all of Plaintiff's claims, except for his false arrest claims against Defendant Baynard, which include allegations related to both the November 15, 1996 arrest<sup>2</sup> and the December 14, 1996 arrest. Those claims remains pending, and judgment was properly entered against the other Defendants in this case. Accordingly, the Court will deny Plaintiff's Motion For Reconsideration.

### III. Plaintiff's Remaining Motions

Though titled differently, each of Plaintiff's remaining pending motions essentially seeks the same thing, i.e. reconsideration of the Court's Order denying Plaintiff's Motion To Recuse. Plaintiff has not demonstrated that the Court abused its discretion in denying his Motion To Recuse, and therefore, the Court concludes that Defendant is not entitled to relief.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

1. Plaintiff's Motion For Summary Judgment (D.I. 127) is DENIED.
2. Plaintiff's Motion For Reconsideration (D.I. 144) of the Court's July 5, 2007 Order granting Defendant's Motion For

<sup>2</sup> The Court notes that Plaintiff's submissions refers to the date of the alleged false arrest as November 15, 1996 and Defendant's submissions in this case indicate that the date is November 16, 1996. For purposes of this Memorandum Order, the Court has relied upon the date asserted by Plaintiff. In any event, however, the claim related to the November incident, whichever date is correct, remains pending along with the claim related to the December 14, 1996 incident as discussed by the Court in footnote 1 of this Memorandum Order.

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Clarification (D.I. 140) is DENIED.

3. Plaintiff's Motion To Stay the Court's Memorandum Order dated August 30, 2007 denying Plaintiff's request for recusal is DENIED.

4. Plaintiff's Motion To Expedite (D.I. 154) is DENIED.

5. Plaintiff's Motion To Vacate (D.I. 155) is DENIED.

6. Defendant's Motion To Strike (D.I. 130) is GRANTED.

October 31, 2007  
DATE

  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

DENNIS SMITH,

Plaintiff,

v.

Civil Action No. 98-639-JJF

EX-POLICE CHIEF GUY D.  
BAYNARD,

Defendant.

O R D E R

WHEREAS, a Revised Pretrial Order will be required in this action, and a Trial date must be scheduled;

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

1. The parties shall submit a Revised Pretrial Order no later than Friday, November 23, 2007.
2. The parties shall discuss and advise the Court of their availability for trial in December 2007 or March 2008. Once a trial is scheduled, the Court will enter a Trial Management Order.

October 31, 2007  
DATE

  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE